# NON-PROFIT BYLAWS OF COWBOY FAST DRAW ASSOCIATION, NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATION

#### **PREAMBLE**

The following Bylaws shall be subject to, and governed by, the Non-Profit Corporation Act of Nevada and the Articles of Incorporation of Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization. In the event of a direct conflict between the herein contained provisions of these Bylaws and the mandatory provisions of the Non-Profit Corporation Act of Nevada, said Non-Profit Corporation Act shall be the prevailing controlling law. In the event of a direct conflict between the provisions of these Bylaws and the Articles of Incorporation of Corporation/Organization, it shall then be these Bylaws which shall be controlling.

## **ARTICLE 1 – NAME**

The legal name of the Non-Profit Corporation/Organization shall be known as Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization, and shall herein be referred to as the "Corporation/Organization." Which may also be referred to as the acronym "CFDA".

# **ARTICLE 2 - PURPOSE**

The general purposes for which this Corporation/Organization has been established are as follows:

The purpose for which the Non-Profit Corporation/Organization is formed is set forth in these Articles of Incorporation.

The Corporation/Organization is established within the meaning of IRS Publication 557 Section 501(c)(7) Organization of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") or the corresponding section of any future federal tax code. The Corporation/Organization shall be operated exclusively for/to promote, develop, organize, and administrate the sport of Cowboy Fast Draw nationally or internationally.

In addition, this Corporation/Organization has been formed for the purpose of performing all things incidental to, or appropriate in, the foregoing specific and primary purposes. However, the Corporation/Organization shall not, except to an insubstantial

degree, engage in any activity or the exercise of any powers which are not in furtherance of its primary non-profit purposes. The Corporation/Organization shall hold and may exercise all such powers as may be conferred upon any nonprofit organization by the laws of the State of Nevada and as may be necessary or expedient for the administration of the affairs and attainment of the purposes of the Corporation/Organization. At no time and in no event shall the Corporation/Organization participate in any activities which have not been permitted to be carried out by a Corporation/Organization exempt under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), such as certain political and legislative activities.

## <u>ARTICLE 3 – OFFICES</u>

The principal office of the Corporation/Organization shall be initially located at 3080 Farm District Rd, Fernley, Nevada 89408.

The Corporation/Organization may have other such offices as the Board of Directors may determine or deem necessary, or as the affairs of the Corporation/Organization may find a need for from time to time, provided that any permanent change of address for the principal office is properly reported as required by law. In the case the main office is ever moved from the State of Nevada, according to Nevada NRS, a "Resident Agent" must be retained within the state.

# **ARTICLE 4 – GRANTOR OF INITIAL ASSETS**

# **Grantor of Initial Assets**

Grantor: Cowboy Fast Draw Association, LLC, owned by Cal & Dinah Eilrich. This organization was founded in 2002 by Brad Hemmah, and sold to Cal & Dinah Eilrich in 2006 for \$200,000, at the time the organization had about 300 active members. Whereas, at the time of this grant there are over 2200 active members. Cal & Dinah Eilrich hereby grant/donate all membership operations, assets, liabilities, and intellectual property. These properties and assets are hereby irrevocably granted to Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization.

# Specifically Included in Grant

These properties and assets specifically include Membership; Affiliated Clubs; Event Sanctioning Authority; Rights to Logos; Logo Items; Trademarks; Copyrights; Publications such as: Gunslinger Gazette; Social Media Assets (Website, 1-Facebook Page, 1-Facebook Group); Gunslinger's Rules, Regulations and Guidelines; Range Operations Course; Brochures; Membership & Range Officer Pins (RO, RM); CFDA Scoring Program; and all associated responsibilities, liabilities and revenues.

## Not Included in the Grant

Other products, assets, liabilities, and intellectual properties owned by Cowboy Fast Draw Association, LLC, are not included in the grant. Specifically, not included in this grant are numerous specialized products such as: Wax Bullets; CFDA Brass; any ammo loading components or equipment; all Gunslinger Timing Equipment; Range Structures; Firearms; Holsters; Office Equipment; Computers; Printers; or any other asset not specifically mentioned in the grant/donation.

## **ARTICLE 5 - DEDICATION OF ASSETS**

The properties and assets of the Corporation/Organization by initial grant or future acquisition are irrevocably dedicated to and for non-profit purposes only. No part of the net earnings, properties, or assets of this Corporation/Organization, on dissolution or otherwise, shall inure to the benefit of any person or any member, director, or officer of this Corporation/Organization. Upon liquidation or dissolution, all remaining properties and assets of the Corporation/Organization shall be distributed and paid over to an organization dedicated to non-profit purposes which has established its tax-exempt status pursuant to Section 501(c) of the Code.

#### ARTICLE 6 – NON-DEDICATED ASSETS STATEMENT & DISCLOSURE

Under the previous Cowboy Fast Draw Association, LLC as the sport was being developed, it became necessary to develop certain specialized products of which new members, current members and clubs could depend upon a reliable source. The Grantors, Cal & Dinah Eilrich hereby disclose that they and their family wish to continue to supply these and other specialized products under a new corporation called, "Quick Cal's Gunslinger Emporium", herein, to be known as Gunslinger's Emporium, which has been incorporated concurrently with the Cowboy Fast Draw Association, non-profit organization. So, that assets may be appropriately divided during the "formation period".

During the "formation period" as described in Article - 7, separate bank accounts and websites will be established; and new accounting standards applied needed to separate all assets and liabilities. In consideration of the Initial Grant that made the formation of the Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization possible, as long as the Gunslinger Emporium remains in business the Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization shall provide a link, free of charge, on their official website. It is of great benefit to the sport of Cowboy Fast Draw that new members and clubs have access to a "clearing house" of the specialized products that are needed. In turn, Gunslinger Emporium will provide a link, free of charge, to Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization.

Because this valuable and irreplaceable service is integral to the primary purpose of the Corporation/Organization according to Article - 2, it is hereby decreed that this relationship has been disclosed and contained in the Articles of Incorporation and is henceforth determined to be exempt from Article 12 - Standard of Care and is not deemed a conflict of interest or self-dealing, regardless of any office held by Cal or Dinah Eilrich in the Corporation/Organization.

There shall be no CFDA Logo products sold at the Gunslinger's Emporium, such as hats, shirts, patches, decals, etc. unless approved by the Board. Any CFDA Logo products approved by the Board and sold by Gunslinger's Emporium will result in a 10% royalty based on retail price paid to be paid quarterly to Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization.

## <u>ARTICLE 7 – MISSION STATEMENT & GOALS</u>

## Mission Statement

The General Sport of Fast Draw was born in 1955. History has shown that the sport struggled to find common ground between factors that were divided on speed vs accuracy, in terms of the targets and distances they had conflicted opinions about. There was also deep division between types of six-guns and holsters that were used, some wanted no limits on modifications, others wanted equipment that was historically more accurate.

In 2002, Cowboy Fast Draw Association, LLC was founded upon the principles of the proper combination of target size and distance to balance speed vs accuracy; and to also regulate six-guns & holsters to bring them into compliance with historical standards of the time period of the post-Civil War 1800's.

The founding documents also called for a sense of honor and mutual respect among members and competitors, that shall be also passed on to this new non-profit organization. The basis of which will always be found in the CFDA Gunslinger's Rules, Guidelines & Handbook, as defined in paragraph #2 in the Founder's Letter:

"The Cowboy Fast Draw Association is about "safety first, fun second, and competition third." It's about handshakes, camaraderie, a man's word, morality, friendship, fair play and honest competition. Our credo is "the Cowboy Way" in action and deed; it requires no explanation.

#### **Goals**

1) To build a non-profit organization managed in a professional and business-like manner.

- 2) To educate as many people as possible in the safe and proper use of all firearms.
- 3) To never lose sight that members are choosing to spend their time with us to have fun and enjoy a meaningful competition.
- 4) To keep our rules simple and to the point, and to pursue the proper balance between the Spirit of the Game and fair play.
- 5) To keep our six-guns and holsters true to form of the time period that we represent post-Civil War to 1899.
- 6) To keep our clothing and appearance of western-themed late 1800s.
- 7) To preserve the competitive integrity of our game through the proper balance and speed vs accuracy, by maintaining commitment to target sizes and distances.
- 8) To become an organization paying its own way, and managed with the best interest of the sport in mind.
- 9) To build our membership to 10,000 and beyond.
- 10)To raise funds for worthwhile charities.
- 11)To build a network of affiliated clubs nationally and internationally providing a solid foundation for years to come.
- 12)To provide an inclusive family-friendly atmosphere where members of all ages and capabilities have competitive opportunities.
- 13)To promote a positive image of our sport and the Cowboy Way, and the spirit of the American Old West.

# **ARTICLE 8 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS - FORMATION**

# Initial Appointment of Board of Directors by Grantors & Formation Period

2024 shall be the formation period of the Corporation/Organization and shall be overseen by the Grantors. The goal is to have all assets separated including the formation of separate bank accounts, accounting procedures, websites, etc. completed by December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2024.

# Initial Chairman of the Board, Executive Director, and Secretary

Cal Eilrich, Grantor is hereby appointed as the first Chairman of the Board. He shall also serve as the first President/Executive Director & Secretary, in order to sign required documents. He shall serve a full term as Chairman of the Board of 4 years beginning on January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025.

# Initial Treasurer

Dinah Eilrich, Grantor is hereby appointed as first Treasurer.

## **Initial Board of Directors**

Cowboy Fast Draw Association, LLC has eight (8) established Territories the conducts CFDA Titled Championships, therefore, Cowboy Fast Draw Association, non-profit organization will also recognize the same territories, unless changed by the Board of Directors in the future.

By December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2024, The Initial Chairman of the Board shall interview, select, and appoint the Initial 8 Board of Directors, henceforth also known as, Territorial Governors. Odd numbered Territories shall be for an initial 1-Year Term, even numbered Territories shall be for an initial 2-Year Term.

## ARTICLE 9 - BOARD OF DIRECTORS a.k.a. BOARD OF GOVERNORS

## General Powers & Responsibilities

The Corporation/Organization shall be governed by a Board of Directors a.k.a. Board of Governors, herein to be known as (the "Board"), which shall have all the rights, powers, privileges and limitations of liability of Directors of a non-profit corporation organized under the Non-Profit Corporation Act of Nevada. The Board shall establish policies and directives governing business and programs of the Corporation/Organization and shall delegate to the Executive Director, subject to the provisions of these Bylaws, authority and responsibility to see that the policies and directives are appropriately followed. Members of the Board of Directors are herein known as Directors.

# Number and Qualifications

The Board shall have up to 9 members, but no fewer than two (2) Board members. The number of Board members may be increased beyond 9 members by the affirmative vote of a two-thirds majority of the Board of Directors.

# **Board Compensation**

The Board shall receive no compensation other than for reasonable expenses. However, provided the compensation structure complies with Sections relating to "Contracts Involving Board Members and/or Officers" as stipulated under these Bylaws, nothing in these Bylaws shall be construed to preclude any Board member from serving the Corporation/Organization in any other capacity and receiving compensation for services rendered.

# Chairman of the Board (Chief Executive Officer)

It shall be the responsibility of the Chairman of the Board, when present, to preside over all meetings of the Board. The Chairman of the Board is authorized to execute, in the name of the Corporation/Organization, any and all contracts or other documents which

may be authorized, either generally or specifically, by the Board to be executed by the Corporation/Organization, except when required by law that the President or Secretary's signature must be provided.

The Chairman of the Board is the only member of the Board that may also serve as Executive Director, with the majority consent of the Board.

The Chairman of the Board may canvass opinions of Board members, general members, approved Board agenda items, and have the authority to call for Board Meetings. The Chairman of the Board will not vote on agenda items, except in the case of a tie.

The Chairman may "veto" a vote by the Board, which must be executed within (7) days of the meeting. The Board has the power to overrule a "veto" with a 2/3 super-majority vote of the Board.

## Vice Chairman of the Board

Vice Chairman of the Board shall be an elected member of the Board, who is elected by the majority of the Board. In the absence of the Chairman of the Board, or in the event of his/her inability or refusal to act, it shall then be the responsibility of the Vice Chairman of the Board to perform all the duties of the Chairman of the Board, and in doing so, he/she shall have all authority and powers of and shall be subject to all of the restrictions on the Chairman of the Board.

## **Board of Directors title of Territorial Governors**

Elected Board members shall also be known as Territorial Governors, in honor of the time period that our organization represents. They are required to be Life Members. The general membership of each recognized Territory shall elect their Territorial Governor as their representative on the Board of Directors of the Corporation/Organization. Initially there are 8 Territories.

## **Board Meetings**

Annual Board meetings shall be held a minimum of once per year, at the annual World Championship. This meeting shall be held after the annual Marshal's Muster, since comments and opinions from CFDA Affiliated Clubs must be considered by the Board. Only the Chairman of the Board, Executive Director, or a petition received by the Executive Director from a majority of Board Members can call for an official Board Meeting.

All Board meetings may be held in person, or by electronic communications (video or phone). Board meetings must be called with a 30-days' written notice provided to each

member of the Board. The notice shall be served upon each Board member via hand delivery, regular mail, email, or fax.

## Chairman of the Board Elections

The term of the Chairman of the Board is 4 years. Cal Eilrich's official term will begin January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025. The first election will be held in the fall of 2028 for a term that will begin on January 1<sup>st</sup> 2029. All general members shall have the right to vote for Chairman of the Board.

#### Territorial Governor Elections

Odd numbered Territories shall hold elections in odd numbered years, and even numbered Territories shall hold elections in even numbered years. Active & Life CFDA Members that reside in each Territory will nominate and elect their respective Territorial Governor to the Board of Directors.

## **Term of the Board Members**

The term of all Territorial Governors shall be 2 Years, commencing on January 1<sup>st</sup> following their election.

#### **Election Process**

The Executive Director shall administrate all elections. The first elections for Territorial Governors of Territories 1, 3, 5, and 7 shall be held in the fall of 2025. Territories 2,4,6, and 8 will hold elections in the fall of 2026. Nominations will close each year on October 1st. Official Ballots will be prepared and mailed no later than October 15th. Official Ballots must be returned and received no later than November 30<sup>th</sup>. Election results shall be announced on social media assets as soon as possible, but within 3 business days.

The Executive Director shall call and email to each nominee for a position on the Board a copy of these Bylaws. Each candidate must sign and submit a pledge to uphold Article -7 (Mission Statement & Goals) before their name is placed on a ballot. In the event only one nomination is received then the nominee shall be declared the winner. In the case no nominations are received the seat will be considered vacant on January 1<sup>st</sup>. (See Vacancies.)

#### **Ballot Procedures & Security**

Ballots will be kept anonymous. There shall be an outer mailing envelope sent to each active and life member in territories during election years. There shall be a pre-addressed "Official Return Envelope" and an "Official Ballot" to insert. Official Ballots will have a wet stamp to prove it's an "Official Ballot". Copied ballots will be null and

void. The Voter shall be responsible to glue a postage stamp on the return envelope. Families may enclose multiple "Official Ballots" in the same official return envelope.

#### **Vacancies**

A vacancy on the Board of Directors may exist at the occurrence of the following conditions:

- a) The death, resignation, or removal of any Director;
- b) The declaration by resolution of the Board of a vacancy in the office of a director who has been declared of unsound mind by a final order of court, convicted of a felony, found by final order or judgment of any court to have breached a duty pursuant to the Corporation Code and/or Act of the law dealing with the standards of conduct for a Director, or has missed 3 consecutive meetings of the Board of Directors, or a total of 2 meetings of the Board during any one calendar year;

Except as provided in this paragraph, any Director may resign effective upon giving written notice to the Chairman of the Board or Executive Director of Corporation/Organization, the secretary of Corporation/Organization, or the Board of Directors, unless the notice specifies a later time for the effectiveness of the resignation. If the resignation is effective at a future time, a successor may be designated to take office when the resignation becomes effective. Unless the Attorney General of Nevada is first notified, no Director may resign when the Corporation/Organization would then be left without a duly elected Director in charge of its affairs.

Any vacancy on the Board may be filled by simple majority of the Directors then in office, whether or not the number of Directors then in office is less than a quorum, or by vote of a sole remaining Director. No reduction of the authorized number of Directors shall have the effect of removing any Director before that director's term of office expires.

A Board member elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected for the unexpired term of his or her predecessor in office.

# Resignation

Each Board member shall have the right to resign at any time upon written notice thereof to the Chairman of the Board, Secretary of the Board, or the Executive Director. Unless otherwise specified in the notice, the resignation shall take effect upon receipt thereof, and the acceptance of such resignation shall take effect upon receipt thereof, and the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

#### Removal

The Board of Directors, by way of a 2/3 super-majority of then-serving Directors, may remove any director with or without cause at any regular or special meeting, provided that the Director to be removed has been notified in writing in the manner set forth in Article 9 – Meetings that such action would be considered at the meeting.

#### Minutes

The Secretary shall be responsible for the recording of all minutes of each and every meeting of the Board in which business shall be transacted in such order as the Board may determine from time to time. However, in the event that the Secretary is unavailable, the Chairman of the Board shall appoint an individual to act as Secretary at the meeting. The Secretary, or the individual appointed to act as Secretary, shall prepare the minutes of the meetings, which shall be delivered to the Corporation/Organization to be placed in the minute books. A copy of the minutes shall be delivered to each Board member via either regular mail, hand delivered, emailed, or faxed within 30 business days after the close of each Board meeting.

#### Action by Written Consent

Any action required by law to be taken at a meeting of the Board, or any action that may be taken at a meeting of the Board, may be taken without a meeting if consent in writing setting forth the action so taken shall be signed by all Board members. The number of directors in office must constitute a quorum for an action taken by written consent. Such consent shall be placed in the minute book of the Corporation/Organization and shall have the same force and effect as a vote of the Board taken at an actual meeting. The Board members' written consent may be executed in multiple counterparts or copies, each of which shall be deemed an original for all purposes. In addition, facsimile signatures and electronic signatures or other electronic "consent click" acknowledgments shall be effective as original signatures.

## <u>Quorum</u>

At each meeting of the Board of Directors or Board Committees, the presence of 55% persons shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. If at any time the Board consists of an even number of members and a vote results in a tie, then the vote of the Chairman of the Board shall be the deciding vote. The act of the majority of the Board members serving on the Board or Board Committees and present at a meeting in which there is a quorum shall be the act of the Board or Board Committees, unless otherwise provided by the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws, or a law specifically requiring otherwise. If a quorum is not present at a meeting, the Board members present may adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice until a quorum shall be present. However, a Board member shall be considered present at any meeting of the

Board or Board Committees if during the meeting he or she is present via telephone or web conferencing with the other Board members participating in the meeting.

## **Voting**

Each Board member shall only have one vote.

#### Proxy

Members of the Board shall not be allowed to vote by written proxy.

## **Board Member Attendance**

An elected Board Member who is absent from 3 consecutive regular meetings of the Board during a fiscal year shall be encouraged to reevaluate with the Chairman of the Board his/her commitment to the Corporation/Organization. The Board may deem a Board member who has missed 3 consecutive meetings without such a reevaluation with the Chairman, to have resigned from the Board.

## **ARTICLE 10 – OFFICERS & DUTIES**

## President (Executive Director)

The Board shall elect a President, who shall also be known as the Executive Director. It shall be the responsibility of the President/Executive Director, in general, to supervise and conduct all activities and operations of the Corporation/Organization, subject to the control, advice and consent of the Board of Directors. The President shall keep the Board of Directors completely informed, shall freely consult with them in relation to all activities of the Corporation/Organization, and shall see that all orders and/or resolutions of the Board are carried out to the effect intended. The Board of Directors may place the President under a contract of employment where appropriate. The President shall be empowered to act, speak for, or otherwise represent the Corporation/Organization between meetings of the Board. The President shall be responsible for the hiring and firing of all personnel and shall be responsible for keeping the Board informed at all times of staff performance and for implementing any personnel policies which may be adopted and implemented by the Board. The President, at all times, is authorized to contract, receive, deposit, disburse and account for all funds name of the of the Corporation/Organization, to execute in the Corporation/Organization all contracts and other documents authorized either generally or specifically by the Board to be executed by the Corporation/Organization, and to negotiate any and all material business transactions of the Corporation/Organization.

Shall be the Administrator of Operations of the Corporation/Organization and shall carry out policies and directives as established by the Board, subject to the provisions

of these Bylaws. And, has the authority and responsibility to see that the policies and directives are appropriately followed.

The Executive Director shall appoint a Secretary, Treasurer, Club & Events Director, Media Director, or any other staff as needed, with the consent of the Board. These positions may be combined as practicable to one or more persons.

#### Budget

The President/Executive Director shall prepare or cause to be prepared a budget for consideration and approval of the Board. In the first year or two the Budget will be more of an estimate. The first full meeting of the Board will have Establishing Budget Procedures on the Agenda.

#### Secretary

The Secretary is appointed by the Executive Director with the consent of the Board. The Secretary, or his/her designee, shall be the custodian of all records and documents of the Corporation/Organization, which are required to be kept at the principal office of the Corporation/Organization, and shall act as secretary at all meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall keep the minutes of all such meetings on file in hard copy or electronic format. S/he shall attend to the giving and serving of all notices of the Corporation/Organization and shall see that the seal of the Corporation/Organization, if any, is affixed to all documents, the execution of which on behalf of the Corporation/Organization under its seal is duly authorized in accordance with the provisions of these bylaws.

# <u> Membership Director</u>

The Membership Director in charge of all membership processes, databases, and the issuance of membership documentation. The Membership Director shall maintain an electronic copy of all records available to the Executive Director.

# Treasurer (Chief Financial Officer)

It shall be the responsibility of the Treasurer to keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and accurate accounts of all the properties and business transactions of the Corporation/Organization, including accounts of its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, losses, capital, retained earnings, and other matters customarily included in financial statements. The Treasurer shall be responsible for ensuring the deposit of, or cause to be deposited, all money and other valuables as may be designated by the Board of Directors. Furthermore, the Treasurer shall disburse, or cause to be disbursed, the funds of the Corporation/Organization, as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, and shall render to the Chairman of the Board, President/Executive Director, and Directors, whenever they request it, an account of all

the Treasurer's transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation/Organization. The Treasurer shall maintain an electronic copy of all financial records available to the Executive Director.

#### Club & Events Director

The Club & Events Director shall be the main contact for CFDA Affiliated Clubs and shall keep track of club documents, insurance certificates, and the scheduling of CFDA Titled Championships.

## **Media Director**

Media Director shall oversee all publications, social media platforms, online presence, advertising and contacts with the media.

## **ARTICLE 11 - COMMITTEES**

## Fundraising Committee

The Board, at its sole discretion, may create a Fundraising Committee which shall ensure and contribute well-planned fundraising initiatives for the Company/Organization. In addition this Committee shall identify potential sources of funds, take an active role in enhancing the Board's awareness of fundraising opportunities, explore opportunities for enhanced public relations and fundraising, and provide an annual review of the performance of the Organization's fundraising plan.

## Committees of Directors

The Board of Directors may, from time to time, and by resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors then in office provided that a quorum is present, designate one or more committees to exercise all or a portion of the authority of the Board, to the extent of the powers specifically delegated in the resolution of the Board or in these Bylaws. Each such committee shall consist of at least one (1) Director or non-Director member, and may also include persons who are not on the Board but whom the Directors believe to be reliable and competent to serve at the specific committee. However, committees exercising any authority of the Board of Directors may not have any non-Director members. The Board may designate one or more alternative members of any committee who may replace any absent member at any meeting of the committee. The appointment of members or alternate members of a committee requires the vote of a majority of the Directors then in office, provided that a quorum is present. The Board of Directors may also designate one or more advisory committees that do not have the authority of the Board. However, no committee, regardless of Board resolution, may:

- a) Approve of any action that, pursuant to applicable Law, would also require the affirmative vote of the members of the Board if this were a membership vote.
- b) Fill vacancies on, or remove the members of, the Board of Directors or any committee that has the authority of the Board.
- c) Fix compensation of the Directors serving on the Board or on any committee.
- d) Amend or repeal the Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws or adopt new bylaws.
- e) Amend or repeal any resolution of the Board of Directors that by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable.
- f) Appoint any other committees of the Board of Directors or their members.
- g) Approve a plan of merger, consolidation, voluntary dissolution, bankruptcy, or reorganization; or a plan for the sale, lease, or exchange of all or considerably all of the property and assets of the Corporation/Organization otherwise than in the usual and regular course of its business; or revoke any such plan.
- h) Approve any self-dealing transaction, except as provided pursuant to Law. Unless otherwise authorized by the Board of Directors, no committee shall bind the Corporation/Organization in a contract or agreement or expend Corporation/Organization funds.

Meetings and Actions of Committees Meetings and actions of all committees shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of Article 11 - Committees of these Bylaws, concerning meetings and actions of the Directors with such changes in the context of those bylaws as are necessary to substitute the committee and its members for the Board of Directors and its members, except that the time for regular meetings of committees may be determined either by resolution of the Board of Directors or by resolution of the committee. Special meetings of committees may also be called by resolution of the Board of Directors. Notice of special meetings of committees shall also be given to any and all alternate members, who shall have the right to attend all meetings of the committee. Minutes shall be kept for each meeting of any committee and shall be filed with the Corporation/Organization records. The Board of Directors may adopt rules not consistent with the provisions of these Bylaws for the governance of any committee. If a Director relies on information prepared by a committee of the Board on which the Director does not serve, the committee must be composed exclusively of any or any combination of

(a) Directors,

- (b) Directors or employees of the Corporation/Organization whom the Director believes to be reliable and competent in the matters presented, or
- (c) counsel, independent accountants, or other persons as to matters which the director believes to be within that person's professional or expert competence.

The Secretary of the Corporation/Organization shall send to each director a summary report of the business conducted in any meeting of the Executive Committee.

## CFDA Shoot for the Stars - Scholarship Foundation

CFDA Shoot for the Stars – Scholarship Foundation a.k.a. "Shoot for the Stars" was founded in 2010 and is a separate Non-Profit Organization operating under IRS Section 501(c)(3) and provides educational scholarships to CFDA members. It is not legally connected to CFDA, Non-Profit but it is managed by volunteer CFDA members. CFDA members also volunteer to serve on their Board of Directors. Information is always available through CFDA Publications and social media assets.

## **ARTICLE 12 - STANDARD OF CARE**

#### General

A Director shall perform all the duties of a Director, including, but not limited to, duties as a member of any committee of the Board on which the Director may serve, in such a manner as the Director deems to be in the best interest of the Corporation/Organization and with such care, including reasonable inquiry, as an ordinary, prudent, and reasonable person in a similar situation may exercise under similar circumstances. In the performance of the duties of a Director, a Director shall be entitled to rely on information, opinions, reports, or statements, including financial statements and other financial data, in each case prepared or presented by:

- a) One or more officers or employees of the Corporation/Organization whom the Director deems to be reliable and competent in the matters presented;
- b) Counsel, independent accountants, or other persons, as to the matters which the director deems to be within such person's professional or expert competence; or
- c) A committee of the Board upon which the Director does not serve, as to matters within its designated authority, which committee the Director deems to merit confidence, so long as in any such case the Director acts in good faith, after reasonable inquiry when the need may be indicated by the circumstances, and without knowledge that would cause such reliance to be unwarranted. Except as herein provided in Article 12 Standard of Care, any person who performs the duties of a Director in accordance with the above shall have no liability based upon

any failure or alleged failure to discharge that person's obligations as a Director, including, without limitation of the following, any actions or omissions which exceed or defeat a public or charitable purpose to which the Corporation/Organization, or assets held by it, are dedicated.

#### **Loans**

The Corporation/Organization shall not make any loan of money or property to, or guarantee the obligation of, any Director or officer, unless approved by the Nevada Attorney General; provided, however, that the Corporation/Organization may advance money to a Director or officer of the Corporation/Organization or any subsidiary for expenses reasonably anticipated to be incurred in the performance of the duties of such officer or Director so long as such individual would be entitled to be reimbursed for such expenses absent that advance.

## **Conflict of Interest**

The purpose of the Conflict of Interest policy is to protect the Corporation/Organization's interest when it is contemplating entering into a transaction or arrangement that might benefit the private interest of one of its officers or Directors, or that might otherwise result in a possible excess benefit transaction. This policy is intended to supplement but not replace any applicable state and federal laws governing conflict of interest applicable to nonprofit and charitable corporations/organizations and is not intended as an exclusive statement of responsibilities.

# Restriction on Interested Directors

Not more than 25% (percent) of the persons serving on the Board of Directors, excluding the Chairman, at any time may be interested persons. An interested person is:

- (1) any person currently being compensated by the Corporation/Organization for services rendered to it within the previous twelve (12) months, whether as a full-time or part-time employee, independent contractor, or otherwise, excluding any reasonable compensation paid to a Director; and
- (2) any brother, sister, parent, ancestor, descendent, spouse, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, mother-in-law, or father-in-law of any such person. However, any violation of the provisions of this section shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any transaction entered into by the interested person.

#### <u>Duty to Disclose</u>

In connection with any actual or possible conflict of interest, an interested person must disclose the existence of the financial interest and be given the opportunity to disclose all material facts to the directors who are considering the proposed transaction or arrangement.

## Establishing a Conflict of Interest

After the disclosure of the financial interest and all material facts, and after any discussion with the interested person, the interested person shall leave the Board meeting while the potential conflict of interest is discussed and voted upon. The remaining Board members shall decide if a conflict of interest exists. Addressing a Conflict of Interest In the event that the Board should establish that a proposed transaction or arrangement establishes a conflict of interest, the Board shall then proceed with the following actions:

- a) Any interested person may render a request or report at the Board meeting, but upon completion of said request or report the individual shall be excused while the Board discusses the information and/or material presented and then votes on the transaction or arrangement proposed involving the possible conflict of interest.
- b) The Chairman of the Board shall, if deemed necessary and appropriate, appoint a disinterested person or committee to investigate alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement.
- c) After exercising due diligence, the Board shall determine whether the Corporation/Organization can obtain with reasonable efforts a more advantageous transaction or arrangement from a person or entity that would not give rise to a conflict of interest.
- d) If a more advantageous transaction or arrangement is not reasonably possible under circumstances not producing a conflict of interest, the Board shall determine by a majority vote of the disinterested Directors whether the transaction or arrangement is in the best interest of the Corporation/Organization, for its own benefit, and whether it is fair and reasonable. It shall make its decision as to whether to enter into the transaction arrangement in conformity with this determination.

# Violations of Conflict of Interest Policy

Should the Board have reasonable cause to believe an interested person has failed to disclose actual or possible conflicts of interest, the Board shall then inform the interested person of the basis for such belief and afford the interested person an opportunity to explain the alleged failure to disclose. If, after hearing the interested person's explanation, and after making further investigation as may be warranted in consideration of the circumstances, the Board determines the interested person intentionally failed to disclose an actual or possible conflict of interest, it shall take appropriate disciplinary and corrective action.

#### **Procedures and Records**

All minutes of the Board Meetings, when applicable, shall contain the following information:

- a) The names of all the persons who disclosed or otherwise were found to have a financial interest in connection with an actual or possible conflict of interest, the nature of the financial interest, any action taken to determine whether a conflict of interest was present, and the Board's decision as to whether a conflict of interest in fact existed.
- b) The names of the persons who were present for discussions and any votes relating to the transaction or arrangement, the content of the discussions, including any alternatives to the proposed transaction or arrangement, and a record of any vote taken in connection with the proceedings.

## Acknowledgement of Conflict of Interest Policy

Each Director, principal officer, and member of a committee with Board delegated powers shall be required to sign a statement which affirms that such person:

- a) Has received a copy of the conflict of interest policy;
- b) Has read and understands the policy;
- c) Has agreed to comply with the policy; and
- d) Understands that the Corporation/Organization is charitable, and in order to maintain its federal tax exemption, it must engage primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of its tax-exempt purposes.

# Violation of Loyalty - Self-Dealing Contracts

A self-dealing contract is any contract or transaction

- (i) between this Corporation/Organization and one or more of its Directors, or between this Corporation/Organization and any corporation, firm, or association in which one or more of the Directors has a material financial interest ("Interested Director"), or
- (ii) (ii) between this Corporation/Organization and a corporation, firm, or association of which one or more of its Directors are Directors of this Corporation/Organization. Said self-dealing shall not be void or voidable because such Director(s) of corporation, firm, or association are parties or because said Director(s) are present at the meeting of the Board of Directors or committee which authorizes, approves or ratifies the self-dealing contract, if:

- a) All material facts are fully disclosed to or otherwise known by the members of the Board and the self-dealing contract is approved by the Interested Director in good faith (without including the vote of any membership owned by said Interested Director(s));
- b) All material facts are fully disclosed to or otherwise known by the Board of Directors or committee, and the Board of Directors or committee authorizes, approves, or ratifies the self-dealing contract in good faith—without counting the vote of the Interested Director(s)—and the contract is just and reasonable as to the Corporation/Organization at the time it is authorized, approved, or ratified; or
- c) As to contracts not approved as provided in above sections (a) and/or (b), the person asserting the validity of the self-dealing contract sustains the burden of proving that the contract was just and reasonable as to the Corporation/Organization at the time it was authorized, approved, or ratified. Interested Director(s) may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting of the Board of Directors or a committee thereof, which authorizes, approves, or ratifies a contract or transaction as provided for and contained in this section.
- d) Directors or Officers of the Cowboy Fast Draw Association, Non-Profit Organization. May hold office in or own any CFDA Affiliated Club without conflict. However, they may not hold office, ownership, or serve on the board of any other Fast Draw organization.

## **Indemnification**

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Corporation/Organization shall indemnify its "agents," as described by law, including its Directors, officers, employees and volunteers, and including persons formerly occupying any such position, and their heirs, executors and administrators, against all expenses, judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred by them in connection with any "proceeding," and including any action by or in the right of the Corporation/Organization, by reason of the fact that the person is or was a person as described in the Non-Profit Corporation Act.

Such right of indemnification shall not be deemed exclusive of any other right to which such persons may be entitled apart from this Article. To the fullest extent permitted by law, and, except as otherwise determined by the Board in a specific instance, expenses incurred by a person seeking indemnification in defending any "proceeding" shall be advanced by the Corporation/Organization of an undertaking by or on behalf of that person to repay such amount unless it is ultimately determined

that the person is entitled to be indemnified by the Corporation/Organization for those expenses. The Corporation/Organization shall have the power to purchase and maintain insurance on behalf of any agent of the Corporation/Organization, to the fullest extent permitted by law, against any liability asserted against or incurred by the agent in such capacity or arising out of the agent's status as such, or to give other indemnification to the extent permitted by law.

# **ARTICLE 13 - EXECUTION OF CORPORATE INSTRUMENTS**

#### **Execution of Corporate Instruments**

The Board of Directors may, at its discretion, determine the method and designate the signatory officer or officers, or other person or persons, to execute any corporate instrument or document, or to sign the corporate name without limitation, except when otherwise provided by law, and such execution or signature shall be binding upon the Corporation/Organization. Unless otherwise specifically determined by the Board of Directors or otherwise required by law, formal contracts of the Corporation/Organization, promissory notes, deeds of trust, mortgages, other evidences of indebtedness of Corporation/Organization, the corporate/organization instruments or documents, memberships in other corporations/organizations, and certificates of shares of stock owned by the Corporation/Organization shall be executed, signed, and/or endorsed by the Chairman of the Board, or President/Executive Director.

All checks and drafts drawn on banks or other depositories on funds to the credit of the Corporation/Organization, or in special accounts of the Corporation/Organization, shall be signed by the President/Executive Director or Secretary, or any other such person or persons as the Board of Directors shall authorize to do so.

## **Loans and Contracts**

No loans or advances shall be contracted on behalf of the Corporation/Organization and no note or other evidence of indebtedness shall be issued in its name unless and except as the specific transaction is authorized by the Board of Directors. Without the express and specific authorization of the Board, no officer or other agent of the Corporation/Organization may enter into any contract or execute and deliver any instrument in the name of and on behalf of the Corporation/Organization.

## **ARTICLE 14 - RECORDS AND REPORTS**

## Maintenance and Inspection of Articles and Bylaws

The Corporation/Organization shall keep at its principal office the original or a copy of its Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws as amended to date, which shall be open to inspection by the directors at all reasonable times during office hours. Maintenance and Inspection of Federal Tax Exemption Application and Annual Information Returns

The Corporation/Organization shall keep at its principal office a copy of its federal tax exemption application and its annual information returns for three years from their date of filing, which shall be open to public inspection and copying to the extent required by law.

## Maintenance and Inspection of Other Corporate Records

The Corporation/Organization shall keep adequate and correct books and records of accounts and written minutes of the proceedings of the Board and committees of the Board. All such records shall be kept at a place or places as designated by the Board and committees of the Board, or in the absence of such designation, at the principal office of the Corporation/Organization. The minutes shall be kept in written or typed form, and other books and records shall be kept either in written or typed form or in any form capable of being converted into written, typed, or printed form.

office, each officer. employee, agent the Upon leaving Corporation/Organization shall turn over to his or her successor or the Chairman of order, President/Executive Director. in good corporate/organization monies, books, records, minutes, lists, documents, contracts or other property of the Corporation/Organization as have been in the custody of such officer, employee, or agent during his or her term of office.

Every Director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect all books, records, and documents of every kind and the physical properties of the Corporation/Organization and each of its subsidiary corporations/organizations. The inspection may be made in person or by an agent or attorney, and shall include the right to copy and make extracts of documents.

## Preparation of Annual Financial Statements

The Corporation/Organization shall prepare Annual Financial Statements using generally accepted accounting principles. Such statements shall be prepared by an independent accounting firm, in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards. The Corporation/Organization shall make such financial statements available to Board of Directors, general membership, and public authorities upon

request for inspection no later than 90 days after the close of the fiscal year to which the statements relate.

#### Reports

The Board shall ensure an annual report is sent to all directors within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year of the Corporation/Organization, which shall contain the following information:

- a) The assets and liabilities, including trust funds, of this corporation at the end of the fiscal year.
- b) The principal changes in assets and liabilities, including trust funds, during the fiscal year.
- c) The expenses or disbursements of the Corporation/Organization for both general and restricted purposes during the fiscal year.
- d) The information required by the Non-Profit Corporation Act concerning certain self-dealing transactions involving more than \$50,000.00 or indemnifications involving more than \$10,000.00 which took place during the fiscal year.

The report shall be accompanied by any pertinent report from an independent accountant or, if there is no such report, the certificate of an authorized officer of the Corporation/Organization that such statements were prepared without audit from the books and records of the Corporation/Organization.

# **ARTICLE 15 - FISCAL YEAR**

The fiscal year for this Corporation/Organization shall end on December 31.

# **ARTICLE 16 - AMENDMENTS AND REVISONS**

These Bylaws may be adopted, amended, or repealed by a majority of the Directors then in office. Such action is authorized only at a duly called and held meeting of the Board of Directors for which written notice of such meeting, setting forth the proposed bylaw revisions with explanations therefore, is given in accordance with these Bylaws. If any provision of these Bylaws requires the vote of a larger portion of the Board than is otherwise required by law, that provision may not be altered, amended or repealed by that greater vote.

## ARTICLE 17 - CORPORATE/ORGANIZATION SEAL

The Board of Directors may adopt, use, and alter a corporate/organization seal. The seal shall be kept at the principal office of the Corporation/Organization. Failure to affix the seal to any corporate/organization instrument, however, shall not affect the validity of that instrument.

#### **ARTICLE 18 - CONSTRUCTION AND DEFINITIONS**

Unless the context otherwise requires, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions contained in the Non-Profit Corporation Act as amended from time to time shall govern the construction of these Bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter, the singular number includes the plural and the plural number includes the singular, and the term "person" includes a Corporation/Organization as well as a natural person. If any competent court of law shall deem any portion of these Bylaws invalid or inoperative, then so far as is reasonable and possible

- (i) the remainder of these Bylaws shall be considered valid and operative, and
- (ii) (ii) effect shall be given to the intent manifested by the portion deemed invalid or inoperative.

## **CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY**

I, Cal Eilrich, certify that I am the duly appointed and acting Secretary of th
Corporation/Organization, and the above Bylaws are the bylaws of thi
Corporation/Organization as adopted by the Board of Directors on March 8th, 2024
and that they have not been amended or modified since the date above. EXECUTEI
on this $8^{+/4}$ day of $MARCH$ , in the County of Lyon
in the State of Nevada.

Cal Eilrich, Secretary